### **Appropriation: Construction**

#### **APPROPRIATION LANGUAGE SHEET**

For construction of buildings, recreation facilities, roads, trails, and appurtenant facilities, [\$13,976,000] \$6,476,000, to remain available until expended (*Department of the Interior and related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2004*).

#### **APPROPRIATION LANGUAGE CITATIONS**

For construction of buildings, recreation facilities, roads, trails, and appurtenant facilities, \$6,476,000 to remain available until expended.

43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq., 43 U.S.C. 1762.

43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq., the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, as amended, provides for the public lands to be generally retained in Federal ownership; for periodic and systematic inventory of the public lands and their resources; for a review of existing withdrawals and classifications; for establishing comprehensive rules and regulations for administering public lands statutes; for multiple use management on a sustained yield basis; for protection of scientific, scenic, historical, ecological, environmental, air and atmospheric, water resource, and archaeological values; for receiving fair market value for the use of the public lands and their resources; for establishing uniform procedures for any disposal, acquisition, or exchange; for protecting areas of critical environmental concern; and for recognizing the Nation's need for domestic sources of minerals, food, timber, and fiber from the Public Lands, including implementation of the Mining and Minerals Policy Act of 1970.

**43 U.S.C. 1762** provides for the construction, and maintenance of roads within and near public lands that will permit economic timber harvesting and at the same time meet the requirements for protection, development, and management for utilization of other resources.

#### **AUTHORIZATIONS**

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701, et seq.) Authorizes the management of the public lands on a multiple-use basis.

43 U.S.C. 1762

Provides for the acquisition, construction, and maintenance of roads within and near public lands that will permit economic timber harvesting and at the same time meet the requirements for protection, development, and management utilization of other resources.

#### SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS (\$000)

						-	,	• •				
						ntrollable &	Pro	ogram	2	005	lr	nc(+)
Comparison	2	003	2	004		elated anges	Cha	anges	Вι	ıdget	D	ec(-)
by Activity/	Ad	ctual	Est	imate	(	+/ -)	(-	+/ -)	Re	quest	fron	n 2004
Subactivity	FTE	Amount	FTE	Amount	FTE	Amount	FTE	Amount	FTE	Amount	FTE	Amount
Construction	16	11,898	16	13,804	0	0	0	-7,328	16	6,476	0	-7,328
Construction	16	11,898	16	13,804	0	0	0	-7,328	16	6,476	0	-7,328

### **Activity: Construction**

<b>ACTIVITY SUMMARY (</b>	\$000)
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7011VIII 0	Ciminatti (400	,				
			Uncontrollable & Related	Program	2005	Inc(+)
	2003	2004	Changes	Changes	Budget	Dec(-)
	Actual	Estimate	(+/ -)	(+/ -)	Request	from 2004
	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
\$(000)	11,898	13,804	0	-7,328	6,476	-7,328
FTE	16	16	0	0	16	0

#### **PROGRAM OVERVIEW**

The 2005 budget for the Construction program is \$6,476,000 and 16 FTE.

The BLM has developed a Five-Year Deferred Maintenance and Construction Plan. Each plan provides the projects of greatest need in priority order with focus first on critical health and safety and critical resource protection. The BLM has undertaken an intense effort originating in the field to develop these lists.



New Caliente Field Station in Nevada replaced dilapidated building and trailers that had numerous structural, electrical, plumbing, and other life safety deficiencies.

Funds are used for construction of facilities that are essential to BLM's mission and to replace or reconstruct existing roads, trails, bridges, recreation and administrative facilities, and buildings. During the past decade, the public uses of BLM-administered public lands. resources, and facilities have grown as a result population growth and of changing demographics in the West. All construction is conducted in compliance with Federal accessibility requirements for the disabled.

Approximately half of the 2005 Construction projects are currently or will become part of the Recreation Fee Demonstration Program upon completion of construction work. Current Recreation fees do not generate sufficient revenue to recover capital investment costs or

provide for all maintenance requirements. However, recreation fee revenues are likely to increase once the improvements are completed, in part as a result of increased visitation to the improved sites. In 2003, BLM established a national fee committee to address Bureau consistency in setting fees for specific types of sites. This team also set minimum fees in order to do a better job of consistently recouping a larger portion of the maintenance costs.

#### 2003 PROGRAM PERFORMANCE/ACCOMPLISHMENTS

In 2003, the major accomplishments in the Construction program included projects in 9 states and totaled \$11.9 million dollars.

State	Number of Construction Projects	Funding (\$000)	Project Status (EOY 2003)
Alaska	1 Project Initiated	\$ 119	100% of projects deferred or eliminated
Arizona	8 Projects Initiated	2,727	100% of projects in planning and A&E status
California	1 Project Initiated	265	100% of projects in planning and A&E status
Colorado	4 Projects Initiated I Project Cancelled	926	20% of projects currently under construction 60% of projects in planning and A&E status 20% of projects deferred or eliminated
Idaho	2 Projects Initiated I Project Cancelled	1,199	34% of projects currently under construction 33% of projects in planning and A&E status 33% of projects deferred or eliminated
Nevada	2 Projects Initiated	1,605	100% of projects in planning and A&E status
Oregon	5 Projects Initiated	2,300	20% of projects currently under construction 80% of projects in planning and A&E status
Utah	6 Projects Initiated	850	17% of projects completed 83% of projects currently under construction
Wyoming	5 Projects Initiated	1,907	20% of projects currently under construction 80% of projects in planning and A&E status
Bureau-wide		\$ 11,897	Projects completed – 3% Projects currently under construction – 25% Projects in planning and A&E status – 64% Projects deferred or eliminated – 8%

The table above provides insight into the highly variable nature of the primary outputs associated with the construction program. Construction projects require planning, contracting, implementation, inspection and completion over a variety of time frames. The projects identified in the 2003 justifications will be accomplished, however contracting and implementation timeframes have extended completion dates as indicated above. Several projects have required deferral as a result of redirection of funding under the Authority of Section 102 of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, Fiscal Year 2003.

#### **2004 PROGRAM PERFORMANCE ESTIMATES**

In 2004, the planned accomplishments in the Construction program include projects in 9 states and totaled \$13.8 million dollars.

State	Number of Construction Projects	Funding (\$000)
Arizona	2 Construction Projects Planned	\$592
California	4 Construction Projects Planned	2,633
Colorado	7 Construction Projects Planned	1,615
Idaho	4 Construction Projects Planned	2,585
Nevada	2 Construction Projects Planned	1,526
New Mexico	1 Construction Project Planned	285
Oregon	3 Construction Projects Planned	2,719
Utah	6 Construction Projects Planned	1,140
Wyoming	3 Construction Projects Planned	709
Bureau-wide		\$13,804

The table above provides insight into the highly variable nature of the primary outputs associated with the construction program. Construction projects require planning, contracting, implementation, inspection and completion over a variety of time frames. The projects identified in the 2004 justifications will be accomplished.

#### **JUSTIFICATION OF 2005 PROGRAM CHANGES**

2005 Program Changes

	2005 Budget Request	Program Changes (+/-)
\$(000)	6,476	-7,328
FTE	16	0

The 2005 budget request for Construction is \$6,476,000 a program change of -\$7,328,000 from the 2004 level.

**Construction -** In 2005, the BLM requests funding for construction of 16 projects in 9 States, for a total of \$6,476,000.

The following table lists the construction projects that will be initiated in 2005:

#### **2005 CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS**

Priority/ Score	State	Project Name	Requested Funding (\$000s)
1/915	Alaska	Campbell Creek Science Center Security/Safety Improvements	426
2/900	Wyoming	Scab Creek Road and Campground, Phase III	200
3/900	Utah	Browns Park/Massey Junction/Buck Canyon Recreation Sanitation	184
4/860	Oregon	Vale Facilities Security Upgrades	567
5/820	Colorado	Bridgeport Bridge, Phase II	470
6/720	California	South Dunes Operations Center, Phase II	896
7/720	Arizona	Wild Horse and Burro Corrals, Phase II	960
8/720	Utah	Cleveland Lloyd Dinosaur Quarry, Phase II	560
9/720	Arizona	San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area Education Amphitheater, Phase I	101
10/720	Idaho	Kelly Island Campground Group Site Expansion Bridgeport Bridge	453
11/705	Utah	Wedge Overlook Site	277
12/705	Utah	Hell Roaring Rims Campground	509
13/690	Colorado	Salida East Recreation Site	166
14/690	Wyoming	Trappers Route Recreation Sites, Phase I	84
15/630	California	Amboy Crater Recreation Site	315
16/630	Nevada	Crowley Jordan Road Repair, Phase II	308
Bureau-w	vide Total		\$6,476

A table listing currently proposed construction projects for 2006 through 2009 follows the project data sheets.

The following project data sheets are arranged by Project Title in alphabetical order.

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	Project Score/Ranking 15				
PROJECT DATA SHEET	Planned Funding FY 2005				
	Funding Source: Construction				
Project Identification					
Project Title: Amboy Crater Recreation Site					
Project Number: Unit/Facility Na	lame: Amboy Crater Recreation Site				
Region/Area/District: Needles Congressional District: 40 State: California					
Project Justification					
Project Description: This project will construct hiking to overlook.	trails, shaded picnic tables, and an				
Project Need/Benefit: This site is a Registered Nation destination for many years. Access to the crater was construction of the day use site. Access to the crater California Desert Conservation Plan but the closure with the drive to the crater base. This unauthorized use has fragile resources. Visitors are now encouraged to hike unimproved route from the day use area. However, the the crater. It is difficult to stay on the trail in several look the trail and eventually gotten lost. Five individuals have years as a result of driving or hiking beyond the existing deter unauthorized motorized use to the crater. The interpretative overlook will provide an opportunity hike 2.5 miles to and from the crater. Information about historical information will be provided at the overlook. 35% CHSci & 10% Oci. Construct hiking trails and show to hike to the crater along the existing unimproved roum arkings directing hikers to the crater making it difficus Many people have strayed off the trail and eventually sown CRPci & 5% Oci. Construct pathways and overlous provide an opportunity to view the crater without dama unable to hike entire 2.5 miles to and from the crater at the crater, geology, wildlife, and historical information.  Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Scope of work changed and cost reduced from \$400,000.  Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project the "% Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance "% Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement "Capital Asset Planning" Exhibit 300 Analysis Required: N	s not effectively managed prior to r base was closed to the public in the was not enforced. Many visitors attempt as caused appreciable damage to the ke to the crater along the existing there are no markings to direct hikers to locations. Many people have strayed off nave died from the heat in the past 10 ting route. A gate was installed in 2002 to to to view the crater for those unable to cout the crater, geology, wildlife, and the crater for those unable to cout the crater, geology, wildlife, and the crater for those unable to cout the crater, geology, wildlife, and the crater for those unable to cout the crater, geology, wildlife, and the crater for those area. There are no coult in several locations to stay on the trail. It is gotten lost resulting in 5 fatalities. Thook. The interpretative overlook would naging the critical resource area for those and provide additional information about in.  The defendance and provide additional information about in the following categories of need.  We critical Mission Deferred Maintenance  Maintenance  Maintenance  Mother Capital Improvement				

Project Costs and Status						
Project Cost Estimate (this reque Deferred Maintenance Work: \$	<u> </u>	Project Funding History: Partnership Funds:	\$			
	315,000 100 315,000 100	Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY Budget:	\$ <u>285,000</u> \$			
Class of Estimate (circle one): A Estimate Good Until (mm/yy):	A B C <u>D</u> <u>5/05</u>	Planned Funding FY <u>05</u> : Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$ 315,000 \$ \$ 600,000			
Dates: (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award Project Complete:	Sch'd :/_ /_	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes			

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		Project Score/Rank	king	5		
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding F	Υ	2005		
		Funding Source: C	Constructi	on		
Project Identification						
Project Title: Bridgeport Bridge, Phase II	Project Title: Bridgeport Bridge, Phase II					
Project Number: Unit/Fa	cility Nam	e: Bridgeport Bridg	е			
Region/Area/District: Grand Junction	Congress	ional District: 3	State: C	olorado		
Project Justification						
Project Description: This project will construct or horseback riding into the Dominguez Wilder used for vehicle river crossing by the private la condemned bridge. In addition to construction be provided at the north side of the bridge for on BLM land.	rness Stud andowner of the ne recreation	dy Area (WSA). The who currently owns w bridge, a parking al public use. All co	e bridge w and uses lot and si onstruction	vill also be s a gning will n will be		
Project Need/Benefit: The public is trespassing across a bridge which passed from public (BLM) to private ownership in 1974. Because the recreational attraction is the Dominguez Canyon WSA, it is BLM's responsibility to take on the management role for access. There is no other access to the WSA in the area.  The bridge was first identified as unsafe in 1965 and has since been closed. However, BLM remains in a liability position regarding this situation. The Bureau's engineering group performed a full engineering analysis of the bridge in 1986 and noted many serious deficiencies. The recommendation: "Do not attempt to rehabilitate the existing Bridgeport Bridge." If the old bridge collapses into the water, it will be a safety hazard on the navigable waters of the Gunnison River.  Construction of the bridge is ranked as CHSci due to the serious safety issues associated with the existing bridge and the public's attempts to ford the Gunnison River to reach the WSA. Construction of a parking area and signs is Oci.						
Revision Statement: (provided when submitting		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		nood		
Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the part o	nce nt tenance ement <u>10</u>	_ % Critical Mission D _ % Compliance & Otl Maintenance _ % Other Capital Imp	eferred Ma her Deferre provement	aintenance		

Project Costs and Status			
Total: \$\frac{470}{0}\$  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B	0,000 100 0,000 100	Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY 04 Budget: Planned Funding FY 05: Future Funding to Complete Project:	\$ \$ \$ <u>436,000</u> \$ <u>470,000</u> \$
		Total:	\$ <u>906,000</u>
<u>Dates</u> : S   S   Construction Start/Award:   Construction Start/Award:   Project Complete:   Construction Start/Award:   Construction Start/	<u>Sch'd</u> _/ /	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEME PROJECT DATA SHEET		Project Score/Ranking		3	
PROJECT DATA SHEET			Planned Funding F		2005
During the setting of the setting			Funding Source: (	Jonstructi	OH
Project Identification					
Project Title: Browns Park/Massey Jur Improvements	nction/E	Buck Cany	on Recreation Sani	tation	
Project Number:		acility Nam Canyon	e: Browns Park/Ma	assey Jun	ction/
Region/Area/District: Vernal		Congress	ional District: 3	State: U	tah
Project Justification					
Project Description: This project will in following locations:  1) River take out at Indian Crossing (no. 2) River take out at Bridge Hollow (sou. 3) Massey Junction on the Atchee Rid. 4) Intersection of the Seep Ridge road. Project Need/Benefit: There are no satisfy campers and boaters. For visitors, paper litter is a serious health hazard a workers in addition to recreational user Revision Statement: (provided when sultain Ranking Categories: Identify the percentage of Critical Health or Safety Deferred Mo. Marching Categories: Resource Protection Deferred of Critical Resource Protection Capital Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Resource Protection Capital Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Resource Protection Capital Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Resource Protection Capital Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Project William	north side lye road d and the initation the nead at these rs. bmitting tof the laintena provement ed Main I Improve	de of river) e of river) in d (access to e access to facilities a arest sanita e locations.  a revised F project that ince ent tenance rement	in the Browns Park to the Bookcliff resort the Bookcliff resort these sites, which attended to Buck Canyo at these sites, which at the site of the Buck Canyo at these sites, which at the site of the Buck Canyo at the Browns Park at the Browns Park at the Buck Canyo at the Browns Park at the Browns Park at the Buck Canyo at the Browns Park at the Browns Park at the Buck Canyo at these sites, which at the Buck Canyo at the Buck Canyo at the Buck Canyo at these sites, which at the Buck Canyo	area, area, area, area n. are heavearest tre used by contended the Mare Deferred Mare Deferred provement	rily used e. Toilet bil field need. aintenance
-	iysis Re	quirea. No	Total Project Score	900	
Project Costs and Status	N1 01	D 1. 5	on allia as I III c		1
Deferred Maintenance Work: \$ Capital Improvement Work: \$\frac{184,00}{5}\$  Total: \$\frac{184,00}{5}\$  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B (184,00)  Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): \$\frac{5}{05}\$  Dates: \$\frac{5}{05}\$	00 100 C D	Partnershi Appropriat Requested Planned F	ed to Date: If in FY Budget: unding FY <u>05</u> : Inding to Complete	\$ 1 Unchange	
(qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award:/_ Project Complete:/_	_ 		Last Updated: 1/7/04	Departme Approval:	

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	Project Score/Ranking 1
PROJECT DATA SHEET	Planned Funding FY 2005
	Funding Source: Construction
Project Identification	

# Project Title: Campbell Creek Science Center Security/Safety Improvements Project Number: Unit/Facility Name: Campbell Creek Science Center Region/Area/District: Anchorage Congressional District: 1 State: Alaska

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> This project will make the following security/safety improvements at the Campbell Creek Science Center (CCSC): (1) replace two external doors, (2) install proximity card reader system, (3) replace internal fire doors, (4) install panic button at the front desk, (5) increase lighting in the employee parking lot, (6) install backup emergency instant response generator, and (7) redesign/install intruder alarm system.

<u>Project Need/Benefit:</u> 15% CHSdm. External Doors: Due to a faulty latch mechanism and other deficiencies, two of the six external doors to the facility do not lock securely when closed, unless they are manually jostled to engage the latch. This leaves the facility vulnerable and makes it difficult to maintain the security policy of keeping all side doors locked at all times. The classroom door in particular is warped from overuse and possible foundation movement with frost heaves. It is often left open during the day (against policy) because it does not automatically close shut. The door design of two of the six doors is faulty - to lock the doors, the panic bar on the inside must be disengaged (an obvious and consistently performed task) AND the exterior latch must be locked (an unobvious and inconsistently completed task). One of the external doors will have power-assisted opening installed to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) and the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).

Intruder Alarm System: The existing intruder alarm system consists of a single bell alarm inside the caretaker quarters connected to motion detectors throughout the building. When a intruder is detected, the only alarm that sounds is the bell inside the caretaker's apartment. The bell sounds at such a deafening decibel that it is nearly impossible to think, let alone call for help, from within the apartment. The common reaction is to run out of the quarters - thus potentially coming into harm's way - to be able to react and call for help. The new system will include bells and/or flashing lights on the perimeter of the building to serve as a deterrent to potential intruders. Additionally, the alarm in the caretaker quarters will be such that it can wake up/alert the caretaker and allow him/her to stay within the apartment to call for help. Internal Fire Doors: There are at least five interior fire doors at CCSC. Several doors are warped and will be replaced. Additionally, there is a tendency to prop open these doors during the day for convenient passage by visitor groups and staff carrying heavy equipment. Door stops are unacceptable as they are against fire code. To maximize fire safety and convenience of use, a magnetic hold-back door system will be installed - one that will disengage and close the door with the sounding of a fire alarm.

85% CHSci. Smart Card System: The proximity card reader system was a recommended countermeasure called for in the Security Survey/Risk Assessment (1/14/2002) report to

mitigate a high vulnerability risk of unauthorized visitor access and will be installed when the external doors are replaced. The system was installed at the Anchorage Field Office (AFO) but not at CCSC. During business hours the front doors are unlocked and monitored by a front desk receptionist. All other doors in the facility are kept locked. Employee instructors accompanying school groups currently use keys to unlock, enter, and lock side doors. The card system will also be used to monitor janitorial service contractors who enter the building off-hours and to mitigate the potential for theft (documented in 2002 at AFO). Panic Button: A panic button to notify the AFO ranger/AFO manager/Guardian Security (an offsite security company) will be installed at the front desk as a safety precaution because the receptionist is sometimes alone in the building when staff are outside in the woods with school groups and other visitors. In addition, there is usually just one staff person during evening and weekend use of the building. The person at the front desk monitors visitor entry and manages a cash box for the small bookstore. It may be better to have a portable panic button, rather than a permanently fixed one, because the receptionist is sometimes away from the front desk performing duties (photocopy machine, bookstore, and other parts of the building). Employee/Handicapped Parking Lot Lighting: The employee/handicapped parking lot has recently been expanded to accommodate increased staff use. Additional outdoor lighting is necessary to illuminate the area. It would be convenient to be able to manually (and temporarily) turn off the lights when CCSC is used for astronomy classes during evening hours. Backup Generator: CCSC, located one mile north of the Campbell Tract Facility, does not have a backup generator. In the event of a major disaster, power would be essential to provide for the resident caretaker, staff, and visitors (often including groups of 40-90 school children). There are frequent blackouts and power surges at the CCSC, so an instant response generator is desired. The fire/security alarm, 1,000-gallon fish tank, 13 computers, heating system and lighting are presently connected to the power supply. Future additions of proximity card readers and internal fire doors will also be connected to the power supply. The new generator will be insulated against noise because it will impact the quality of the natural experience. The primary purpose of CCSC is to provide outdoor educational activities. Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet) Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories of need. 15 % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance % Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance 85 % Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvement % Compliance & Other Deferred % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance Maintenance % Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement % Other Capital Improvement Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Required: No Total Project Score: 915

Project Costs and Status				
Capital Improvement Work: \$	est): \$'s 6 64,000 6 362,000 6 426,000	1 <u>5</u> 85	Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY Budget:	\$ \$ \$
Class of Estimate (circle one): A Estimate Good Until (mm/yy):			Planned Funding FY <u>05</u> : Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$ 426,000 \$ \$ 426,000
<u>Dates:</u> (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award: Project Complete:	Sch'd :/		Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMEI	NT		Project Score/Ran	king	8
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding I		2005	
			Funding Source: (	Construction	on
Project Identification					
Project Title: Cleveland Lloyd Dinosau	ır Quarı	ry, Phase	ll		
1		•	e: Cleveland Lloyd	d Dinosaur	Quarry
Region/Area/District: Price		Congress	sional District: 3	State: U	tah
Project Justification					
Project Description: This project will de large building. Phase I will refurbish the shelter building. Phase II will demolish quarry shelter building.	e existing the two	ng visitor o quarry b	center and design t uildings and replac	he new qu e them wit	arry h one
Revision Statement: (provided when sul			•		
Ranking Categories: Identify the percen 30 % Critical Health or Safety Deferred M % Critical Health or Safety Capital Imp % Critical Resource Protection Deferre 70 % Critical Resource Protection Capital Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Anal	laintena proveme ed Main I Improv	nce ent tenance ement	is in the following ca _ % Critical Mission E _ % Compliance & O	Deferred Mather Deferre	aintenance

Project Costs and Status		
Project Cost Estimate (this request): \$'s %  Deferred Maintenance Work: \$168,000 30  Capital Improvement Work: \$392,000 70  Total: \$560,000 100  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D  Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 2/05	Planned Funding FY 05: Future Funding to Complete Project:	\$ \$ \$ <u>445,000</u> \$ <u>560,000</u> \$
Dates: Sch'd  (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award:/_  Project Complete:/_	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	\$ 1005,000  Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		Project Score/Ranking	16
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding FY	2005
		Funding Source: Constructi	on

#### **Project Identification**

Project Title: Crowley Jordan Road Repair, Phase II				
Project Number:	Unit/Facility Name: Crowley Jordan Road			
Region/Area/District: Winnemucca	Congressional District: 2 State: Nevada			

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> This project will rehabilitate and upgrade approximately 27 miles of Crowley Jordan Road. The primary purpose of the project is to minimize the impact of road traffic on Crowley and Washburn Creeks, critical habitat for the Lahontan Cutthroat Trout, a threatened species.

The work entails:

- 1) raising and rehabilitating the road that parallels the creeks in numerous locations,
- 2) installing 30 culverts and three pipe arches at stream crossings, and
- 3) installing aggregate and rip-rap to protect culverts and prevent stream bank erosion. Phase I temporarily repaired flood damage and completed the design for Phase II. Phase II will rehabilitate the road rehabilitation and install culverts and rip-rap.

Project Need/Benefit: This project will improve watershed conditions and reduce sedimentation of downstream fish habitat. Both Crowley and Washburn Creeks are Lahontan cutthroat trout (LCT) recovery watersheds, which contain the only remaining strains genetically pure Lahontans for the Quinn/Black Rock distinct population segment (DPS). LCT has been a federally listed threatened species since 1975 and, although listing perpetuated increased protection of LCT habitats, populations have continued to decline. These populations within Crowley and Washburn Creeks serve as the only two donor populations, which are critical for future reintroductions and the recovery of LCT in the Quinn/Black Rock DPS. By reducing sediment inputs into the headwaters of these watersheds, LCT will incur increased recruitment, spawning habitat quality, and population health. This effort will expedite the recovery of LCT within the region due to ability of agencies to conduct increased population augmentation within other donor streams. If this project is not completed in the near future, it is likely that the habitat will no longer support this threatened species.

30% CRPdm. Raise and rehabilitate the road paralleling the creeks in numerous locations. Inadequate design and unchecked erosion have forced the road into the streambed. This work will reduce the impact of road traffic on the stream habitat.

70% CRPci. Install 30 culverts and three pipe arches at stream crossings. Install aggregate and rip-rap to protect culverts and prevent stream bank erosion. The installation of culverts and rip-rap will reduce the adverse impact of vehicular traffic on the stream habitat.

Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)

Phase I included temporary flood damage repair, some minor realignment on 10 miles of road, and the design of Phase II. The project scope and cost have increased to mitigate critical resource needs. Additional funding is needed to upgrade the existing road by improving

numerous stream crossings and wet areas adjacent to the road.					
Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories:  % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance % Critical Mission D % Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvement % Compliance & Ot 30 % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance Maintenance 70 % Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement % Other Capital Improvement	eferred Maintenance her Deferred provement				
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Required: No Total Project Score: 630					
Project Costs and Status					
Project Cost Estimate (this request): \$'s % Deferred Maintenance Work: \$ 92,000 30 Capital Improvement Work: \$ 216,000 70 Total: \$ 308,000 100  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 9/05  Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY Budget: Planned Funding FY 05: Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$ 40,000 \$ 308,000 \$ \$ 348,000				
Dates: Sch'd   Project Data Sheet   Project Complete:   Project Data Sheet   Project Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes				

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	Project Score/Ranking	12			
PROJECT DATA SHEET	Planned Funding FY	2005			
	Funding Source: Construct	ion			
Project Identification					
Project Title: Hell Roaring Rims Campground					
Project Number: Unit/Fa	cility Name: Hell Roaring Rims				
Region/Area/District: Moab	Congressional District: 3 State: U	ltah			
Project Justification					
Project Description: This project will construct	t a new 60-unit campground with nine	/ault			
toilets to correct resource degradation due to	dispersed camping.				
Project Need/Benefit: The campground will be located in the general vicinity of the National Park Service boundary. The bordering Canyonlands National Park has very limited camping. Consequently, camping is forced on to BLM lands. Camping on BLM lands has been dispersed and destructive. Dispersed campsites, scattered human waste, and intense off-highway vehicle (OHV) use are extremely damaging to the resource. Construction of campground:  65% CRPci - Destruction of plants and vegetation from dispersed campsites and OHV use. It has been proven in this region that once a campground is constructed with hardened surfaces (i.e., UBC), OHV use decreases drastically and enforcement is much easier. Installation of vault toilets:  35% CHSci - Health concerns associated with human waste littering the area.					
Revision Statement: (provided when submitting					
Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories of need.  % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance % Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance % Compliance & Other Deferred Maintenance % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance % Other Capital Improvement % Other Capi					
Project Costs and Status	·				
Project Cost Estimate (this request): \$'s %  Deferred Maintenance Work: \$ Capital Improvement Work: \$509,000 100  Total: \$509,000 100  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 5/05  Dates: \$ch'd	Future Funding to Complete \$ Project:	ent			

	AU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Project Score	/Ranking 10
	ROJECT DATA SHEET Planned Fun	ing FY 2005
Funding Source: Construction	Funding Sou	ce: Construction

#### **Project Identification**

Project Title: Kelly Island Campground Reconstruction/Group Site Expansion				
Project Number:	Unit/Facility Name: Kelly Island Campground			
Region/Area/District: USRD	Congressional District: 2 State: Idaho			

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> This project will correct flood damage and implement the South Fork Activity Operations Plan. It consists of construction of 1/2-mile of trail with benches, construction of a campground loop gravel road and group sites, development of water sources to loop and group sites, and construction of a pavilion with picnic tables. The host site and fee collection station will be improved, existing picnic tables will be replaces at the loop sites and eight additional tables will be installed, the west road along river that was damaged by flooding in 1997 will be closed, and bank barbs upstream of the campground will be built.

<u>Project Need/Benefit:</u> Kelly Island Campground is a 16-unit fee campground located adjacent to the South Fork of the Snake River, about one mile up-river of Heise. There are approximately 5,000 day use and overnight visits each year. The South Fork Activity Operations Plan identified reconstruction and group site expansion in a two phase process. The first stage occurred on schedule in 1995 when new restrooms and a water system were completed.

Since then, the worst flood in South Fork history occurred and the campground sustained bank and road damage. Reconstruction of Kelly Island Campground will correct unsafe conditions caused by the flood. Without this project, erosion will lead to the campground loop road, group sites, and vault toilet falling into the river. These facilities need to be relocated and the river bank stabilized for visitor safety and to protect the resource. Installation of bank barbs, rip-rap and vegetation will ensure that additional bank and campground erosion does not occur (CHSdm). This is an extremely large, deep and fast moving river which makes it very dangerous should the bank break away while someone is standing next to the river. By elevation, the river is about 4-5 feet below the road and campground, and as the bank erodes, it adds sediment to the South Fork of the Snake River and adversely affects the water quality of a Blue Ribbon Trout stream.

There are frequent requests for group facilities for reunions, scout gatherings, company picnics, etc. This construction will meet public needs and lead to increased fee collection. The fees will be used to maintain the facilities.

CHSci - Relocation of campground loop road, groups sites, and water system for group sites. Oci - Construction of trail, benches, and pavilion. CMdm - Improvement of the fee collection system and host site.

Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)

Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories of need.         30       % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance       10       % Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance         40       % Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvement       —       % Compliance & Other Deferred         W Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance       Maintenance         W Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement       20       % Other Capital Improvement						
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Required: No Total Project Score: 720						
Project Costs and Status						
Project Cost Estimate (this request):\$'s%Project Funding History:Deferred Maintenance Work:\$ 180,00040Partnership Funds:Capital Improvement Work:\$ 283,00060Appropriated to Date:Total:\$ 453,000100Requested in FY Budget:	* * *					
Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D Future Funding FY 05:  Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 5/05  Planned Funding FY 05: Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$453,000 \$ \$453,000					
Dates: (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award: Project Complete:  Sch'd / Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes					

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		Project Score/Ranking	7
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding FY	2005
		Funding Source: Constructi	on

#### **Project Identification**

Project Title: New 500 Head Wild Horse and Burro Corrals, Phase II				
Project Number: Unit/Facility Name: Kingman Regional WH&B Facility				
Region/Area/District: Kingman	State: Arizona			

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> This project will construct a Wild Horse and Burro (WH&B) facility on BLM administered lands near Kingman, Arizona. The facility will have a capacity of 500 animals, with 300 animals held in corral pens and 200 in large 5-acre turn-out pens.

Phase I – Survey, design, and contract preparation.

Phase II - Construction.

Project Need/Benefit: The existing Kingman WH&B facility no longer meets current, or projected future program needs. It is located on state land and cannot be expanded or improved under the terms of the lease, which expired in 2002. Efforts to acquire the state land have been unsuccessful. Consequently, maintenance has been minimal in recent years because BLM expects to vacate the facility. The need for heightened security, new EPA and DEQ regulations regarding Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations, new technology and developments in animal handling practices, and the increased holding capacity necessary to meet program strategies combine to make the existing facility inadequate for BLM's WH&B mission.

Facility capacity needs to be increased from 200 animals to 500 animals in order to reach horse and burro population goals and maintain appropriate management levels over the long term. Currently, animals are overcrowded in the corrals during periods when gathering is required for resource protection. Overcrowding and minimal maintenance has significantly compromised safety and the result is a growing number of injuries and more serious injuries to the wranglers who work with the animals. The existing facility is not secure and has had one act of "eco-terrorism." It is necessary to provide a secure facility for the protection of employees, animals, and the public. Currently there is no existing animal waste handling/containment system at the facility. This is an unacceptable health risk to workers. In addition, there are a number of environmental concerns. Approximately 40% of the cost of the project is directly related to the design and construction of safety and health features to protect workers and visitors.

A cost analysis determined that the most cost effective long-term solution is to construct a WH&B facility on BLM-administered land near Kingman. It will be a preparation and holding facility for horses and burros gathered in Arizona, southwestern California, and southern Nevada. The facility will also service satellite and on-site adoptions.

Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)

Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories:  % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance % Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance % Compliance & Ot % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance % Other Capital Improvement % Other Capital Impr	Deferred Maintenance her Deferred Drovement				
Project Costs and Status					
Project Cost Estimate (this request):\$'s%Project Funding History:Deferred Maintenance Work:\$ 960,000 100Partnership Funds:Capital Improvement Work:\$ 960,000 100Appropriated to Date:Total:\$ 960,000 100Requested in FY 04 Budget:	\$ \$ \$ <u>452,000</u>				
Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D Future Funding FY 05:  Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 10/05 Project: Total:	\$960,000 \$ \$1,412,000				
Dates: (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award: Project Complete:  Sch'd / Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes				

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		Project Score/Ranl	king	13
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding F	Υ	2005
		Funding Source: (	Constructi	on
Project Identification				
Project Title: Salida East Recreation Site				
Project Number: Unit/Fa	acility Nam	ne: Salida East Rec	reation Si	te
Region/Area/District: Royal Gorge		sional District: 3	State: C	
Project Justification				
Project Description: This project involves ma (to improve safety of the ramp), and rock barr entails building a permanent toilet facility, cap vehicles on designated areas and prevent nat and trails, and installation of signs.  Project Need/Benefit: This critically needed project Need/Benefit.	iers (to pro ital improv tural resou	otect bank and boat rement work on the rce damage), const	ramp). It road (to k ruction of	also eep
				becifically lopment basis. In is basis basis basis. In is basis ba
<ul> <li>20 % Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvement</li> <li>10 % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Main</li> <li>50 % Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement</li> </ul>	tenance	<ul><li> % Compliance &amp; Ot</li><li>Maintenance</li><li> % Other Capital Imp</li></ul>		ed
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Re	quired: No	Total Project Score	e: 690	_

Project Costs and Status		
Deferred Maintenance Work: \$\\\\ 49,000 \\\\ 30\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY Budget: Planned Funding FY _05 : Future Funding to Complete Project:	\$ \$ \$ \$166,000 \$
	Total:	\$ <u>166,000</u>
III OII ANN LONGINI CIION SIAN AWAM / I	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		Project Score/Ranking	9
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding FY	2005
		Funding Source: Constructi	on

#### **Project Identification**

Project Title: San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area Education Amphitheater,
Phase I

Project Number: Unit/Facility Name: San Pedro Riparian NCA

Region/Area/District: Tucson Congressional District: 5 State: Arizona

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> This project will construct an amphitheater to serve as a regional outdoor environmental education facility. It will be an integral phase of the San Pedro Riparian/Avian Center. Construction will highlight simple yet state-of-the-art environmental designs including passive solar, natural aesthetics, water recycling, and low impact construction. The amphitheater will be located at the San Pedro recreation site where restrooms, accessible trails, picnic and interpretive ramadas, and a host site were completed in 1998. An all weather access road and parking areas will be constructed to facilitate public use and visitation to the site.

<u>Project Need/Benefit:</u> The San Pedro Recreation Site is located 6 miles from the rapidly growing city of Sierra Vista. Architectural plans have been completed for the amphitheater. The amphitheater will serve as a regional outdoor education facility emphasizing various resource education programs surrounding the theme "Corridor of Life."

BLM currently hosts approximately 100 students annually through the Junior Naturalist Program. The Friends of the San Pedro Docent Program sponsors specific education programs annually, such as spring and fall hikes, and makes educational programs available to nearly 3,000 people annually. BLM expects to facilitate educational programs to over 15,000 public school children. There are over 60,000 visitors to the site annually. This number is expected to double upon completion of the amphitheater.

The amphitheater is considered a critical resource protection need because visitor use is adversely affecting the riparian/wetland habitat. The modest amphitheater will provide environmental education for some 60,000 visitors, who in turn will be better stewards of the resources. Many are expected to volunteer to help with restoration projects.

Ingress and egress to the San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area (NCA) is unsafe due to dust, two-way traffic on a narrow road, and the slippery road surface in wet weather. This critical safety problem will be resolved by designing and constructing the road system for one-way traffic and providing an all weather road surface.

Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)

The previously approved project scope provided for a large, centralized, public educational facility along with site improvements. This change reflects the current management's policy of accommodating visitors at critical portals and sites to minimize known adverse impacts associated with a centralized, highly used facility. Adjacent sites to be improved for protection of resources and provision for educational opportunities include: Murray Springs, San Pedro

House and Hereford/Lehner sites will receive a shaded amphitheater struct interpretive and educational signs and displays. The sites (excluding San Freceive a public toilet and new site host facilities. Hereford/Lehner will require the trail system to be compatible with the existing non-motorized transporta sites wiull require new or modified parking and access facilities. The revise the projected costs from \$700,000 to \$210,000.  Phase I – Design and NEPA for the Murray Springs and Hereford/Lehner si shade structure at San Pedro House.  Phase II – Construction at the Murray Springs and Hereford/Lehner sites.  Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following category.	Pedro House) will hire some work on tion system. The ed scope will reduce hites. Construct			
% Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance % Critical Mission D				
40 % Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvement % Compliance & Ot	her Deferred			
% Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance Maintenance				
60 % Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement % Other Capital Imp				
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Required: No Total Project Score: 720				
Project Costs and Status				
Project Cost Estimate (this request):\$'s%Project Funding History:Deferred Maintenance Work:\$Partnership Funds:Capital Improvement Work:\$101,000 100Appropriated to Date:Total:\$101,000 100Requested in FY Budget:	\$ \$ \$			
Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 12/05 Planned Funding FY 05: Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$ 101,000 \$ 110,000 \$ 211,000			
Dates: (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award: Project Complete:  Sch'd / Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes			

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT PROJECT DATA SHEET		Project Score/Ranking	2
		Planned Funding FY	2005
		Funding Source: Constructi	on

#### **Project Identification**

Project Title: Scab Creek Road and Campground, Phase II					
Project Number: Unit/Facility Name: Scab Creek Road/Campground					
Region/Area/District: Pinedale Congressional District: 1 State: Wyoming					

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> This is the third phase of a three-phase project to reconstruct the road and campground and increase the quantity and size of family units. The project includes drilling a water well; installing larger capability toilets; building a corral; and, constructing parking spaces for vehicles, campers, and horse trailers. Phase II reconstructed the access road to a surface width of 18 feet with turnouts. Phase III will place gravel surfacing on the entire road.

<u>Project Need/Benefit:</u> The Scab Creek facilities were originally built for local use. However, they have gained national significance as the gateway to the Bridger Wilderness. The campground and trailhead were reconstructed in 1985, but use has doubled since the reconstruction and now far exceeds the capacity of the campground and other facilities at the site. The campground, toilet facilities, water supply, trailhead, and parking areas for vehicles and camp and horse trailers do not meet the needs of the public. Increased visitor use has caused conflicts between visitors with horses and those without horses. With limited parking and corral space, campers and horses often compete for the same spots. There is no developed water; consequently, horses and humans drink from the same springs. These conditions create health and safety problems at Scab Creek.

Scab Creek is attracting many more non-resident visitors. Many are not familiar with driving on single-lane mountain roads with limited sight distances. The increasing traffic includes large camp and horse trailers. Vehicles often meet on the road and one vehicle has to "hit the ditch" to allow another to pass.

Phase II reconstructed the access road to a surface width of 18 feet with turnouts. The access road to the campground and trailhead is a single-lane road with turnouts. The road was built in 1967 for local use. The road surface has deteriorated to a width of 14 feet or less as the fines have washed away and exposed oversized rocks. Cut slope failure has plugged and changed the drainage pattern, making the unsurfaced road slippery when wet. The slippery, muddy conditions create a serious safety hazard when large campers and horse trailers try to pass on the road. Graveling will make the road a safe, all-weather road to the campground and trailhead.

Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)

Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories:  % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance % Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance % Compliance & Ot % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance % Other Capital Improvement	Deferred Maintenance her Deferred Drovement
Project Costs and Status	
Project Cost Estimate (this request): \$'s % Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY 04 Budget: Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D Future Funding to Complete	\$ \$ <u>221,000</u> \$ <u>238,000</u> \$ <u>200,000</u> \$
Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 5/05 Project: Total:	\$659,000
Dates: (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award: Project Complete:  Sch'd / Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEME	NT		Project Score/Ran	-	6
PROJECT DATA SHEET			Planned Funding F		2005
			Funding Source: (	Constructi	on
Project Identification					
Project Title: South Dunes Operations	Cente	r, Phase II			
Project Number:	Unit/Fa Area	acility Nam	e: Imperial Sand D	Ounes Rec	reation
Region/Area/District: El Centro		Congress	ional District: 51	State: C	alifornia
Project Justification					
Project Description: This project will construct South Imperial Sand Dunes. This facility to the South Dunes. The project included medical/operations facility, asphalt constillities.  Phase I – Survey, design, and contract Phase II – Construction.	ity will s des a ra ocrete p	support the anger/publi arking and	e rapidly increasing c contact station/er I driveways, securit	number o	of visitors
Project Need/Benefit: The Imperial Sa Off-Highway Vehicle (OHV) area manayear and approximately 230,000 visitor involves responding to the needs of visit resources. Over the use season, BLM within the recreation area. An emerge BLM personnel and emergency worker the south end of the dunes within the "facility will be shared by multiple agencian enforcement agencies. The operations center will also be used regulations concerning recreation and endangered species.  The need for this facility was identified Draft Environmental Impact Statement and subsequent negotiations. A comp for Environmental Responsibility (PEE public safety. The operations center will also be concerning the concerning recreation and subsequent negotiations.	aged by rs on Tlesitors, elements for purious of the Inthe Interior Inthe Interior Interio	BLM. It he hanksgiving purely responded to Continuate the call ambulated by the call amb	as over 750,000 vising weekend alone. In the safety, and product to over 800 med a facility in the South of the safety in the South of the safety companies, and the distribution	sitor use of On-site wootecting national exiger the Dunes woother incides as a large of the partnerial of the partnerial existence of the part	days per ork atural ncies vill enable dents on ife). The ng federal des and out local n and a lawsuit ployees
Revision Statement: (provided when su				togorico of	nood
Ranking Categories: Identify the percer % Critical Health or Safety Deferred M 80 % Critical Health or Safety Capital Imp % Critical Resource Protection Deferm % Critical Resource Protection Capita Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Ana	laintena proveme ed Main I Improv	ince ent tenance rement <u>20</u>	_ % Critical Mission E _ % Compliance & Ot	Deferred Mather Deferre	aintenance ed

Project Costs and Status		
Project Cost Estimate (this request): \$'s %  Deferred Maintenance Work: \$ Capital Improvement Work: \$896,000 100  Total: \$896,000 100  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D  Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 10/05	Requested in FY <u>04</u> Budget: Planned Funding FY <u>05</u> : Future Funding to Complete Project:	\$ \$ \$ <u>450,000</u> \$ <u>896,000</u> \$
	Total:	\$ <u>1,346,000</u>
Dates:     Sch'd       (qtr/yy)     Construction Start/Award:    /_       Project Complete:    /_	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT PROJECT DATA SHEET		Project Score/Ranking	14
		Planned Funding FY	2005
		Funding Source: Constructi	on

#### **Project Identification**

Project Title: Trappers Route Recreation Sites, Phase I				
Project Number: Unit/Facility Name: Trappers Routes #1, 2, 3, 4 and 5				
Region/Area/District: Casper		Congressional District: 1	State: Wyoming	

#### **Project Justification**

<u>Project Description:</u> The five Trappers Route Recreation Sites are located on the North Platte River between Gray Reef Dam and the city of Casper. Each site provides legal access to the river for recreational purposes. This project involves replacing one vault toilet and installing a new one; constructing a 10-unit campground; constructing a new one-mile road and one-mile trail; installing fences and traffic barriers; surfacing access roads, trails, and parking areas; restoring riparian areas; and reclaiming unwanted roads and trails.

<u>Project Need/Benefit:</u> These five sites have had increasing use over the past three years due to the re-establishment of the trout fishery in the North Platte River by the Wyoming Game and Fish Department.

Trappers Route No. 1 – The site has a single vault toilet in very poor condition, limited parking, and no designated campsites. Camping takes place in the small parking area. The access trails to the river are steep and often muddy, making them inaccessible.

Trappers Route No. 2 and No. 3 – The sites have poor access roads that are causing degradation to a riparian area due to vehicular traffic.

Trappers Route No. 4 – The site is used as a boat loading/unloading area and is adjacent to Wyoming State Highway 220. There are no toilet facilities, the roads to the parking area and boat ramp are in poor condition, and surfacing on the parking area is insufficient to prevent erosion and siltation of the river.

Trappers Route No. 5 – The site access roads and parking area are unsurfaced and contribute to silt entering the river. Degradation to a riparian area is occurring due to vehicular traffic. Installing new vault toilets, controlling camping by constructing defined campsites and upgrading the roads will improve the safety and health conditions for users.

15% CHSdm. Replace single vault toilet at Trappers Route No. 1.

40% CHSci. Construct a new access road and build new, safer, and more accessible trails to the river at Trappers Route No. 1. Install a new toilet at Trappers Route No. 4.

10% CRPdm. Close unwanted roads and trails to stop illegal trespass. Reclaim damaged riparian zones and repair erosion caused by vehicles and poor roads at Trappers Route No. 3, No. 4 and No. 5.

15% CRPci. Build 10-unit campground at Trappers Route No. 1. Install fences and traffic barriers at Trappers Route No. 3.

Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)

This project has been divided into two phases.

Phase I – Develop Master Plan and finalize environmental planning. Complete survey and

design work and prepare contract for the recreational facilities according to the Platte River BLM Recreation Site Master Plans.					
Phase II – Construct the recreation traffic barriers, 1 mile of new trail and reclaim damaged areas.	onal facilities	·			
Ranking Categories:Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories of need.15% Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance% Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance40% Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvement% Compliance & Other Deferred10% Critical Resource Protection Deferred MaintenanceMaintenance15% Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvement20% Other Capital Improvement					
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 30	00 Analysis Re	equired: No   Total Project Score	e: 690		
Project Costs and Status					
Project Cost Estimate (this request Deferred Maintenance Work: \$_Capital Improvement Work: \$_Total: \$_	<del></del>	Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY Budget:	\$ \$ \$		
Class of Estimate (circle one): A Estimate Good Until (mm/yy):	<u>B</u> C D <u>5/05</u>	Planned Funding FY <u>05</u> : Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$ 84,000 \$ 216,000 \$ 300,000		
<u>Dates</u> : (qtr/yy) Construction Start/Award: Project Complete:	<u>Sch'd</u> /	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes		

State: Oregon

### DEFERRED MAINTENANCE AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN 2005 - 2009

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT PROJECT DATA SHEET		Project Score/Ranking	4		
		Planned Funding FY	2005		
		Funding Source: Construction			
Project Identification					
Project Title: Vale Facilities Security Upgrades					
Project Number: Unit/Facility Name: Vale District					

Congressional District: 2

#### **Project Justification**

Region/Area/District: Vale

Project Description: This project consists of upgrading security at the Vale District Office and wareyard compound, the Baker warehouse compound, the National Historic Oregon Trail Interpretive Center (NHOTIC), and the Juntura Fire Guard Station. Security upgrades have been recommended to the OR/WA State Director by Vale District Management and the Law Enforcement Special Agent-in-Charge in a memo dated December 21, 2001. Security upgrades include panic alarm buttons and wiring, additional exterior area and interior motion lighting, additional security fencing at three sites, surveillance cameras and intercoms at visitor entrances and wareyard gates, additional electronic gates at Baker and NHOTIC, key cards on most doors and gates, vehicle barriers around office buildings, security window treatments, and upgrading the Vale District's outdated and worn-out key card reader equipment. Also included are backup generators to keep security lights and gate functions working for two buildings in Vale and one in Baker.

Project Need/Benefit: This project will provide the security upgrades needed at the Vale District's major facilities. With the national threat levels reaching Orange and the possibility of higher alert levels, the facilities must be physically ready for these situations. Currently, the facilities are not prepared to meet the requirements of increased security levels. 95% CHSci. The security risks to District facilities involve vandalism, break-ins, theft of material and equipment, and occasionally threat of facility destruction. The risks to District personnel involve threats to persons and assault. The most likely scenarios involve disgruntled former employees or estranged family members. Occasionally threats may involve resource users or user groups. Radical animal rights groups have conducted bombing operations in the area and are an ever present threat. The Vale office has been directly threatened with attack by vehicle. (Hence, the vehicle barriers around the office.) Even though basic security procedures have been improved over the years, employees and facilities (the Vale District Office and wareyard compound, the Baker warehouse compound, the National Historic Oregon Trail Interpretive Center, and the Juntura Fire Guard Station) are still quite vulnerable. Lighting is still inadequate. Perimeter security and visitor security procedures and equipment need to be upgraded. Methods to identify who is within the compounds and buildings are still very weak. Currently, many security features are stretched to full capacity or not in place at all. Access control using key card readers and cameras at exterior doors and gates are essential. The Vale office security system is outdated and has no expansion capability. It must be upgraded to handle the increased demand created by the need for additional controlled entrances. Surveillance systems, fences and gates must work together to provide additional security that the key card system cannot provide.

In the event of a power failure, the existing door and gate controllers fail after 30 to 60 minutes. This leaves the entire Vale District Office and wareyard compound facility open to anyone who wants to enter. Blackouts are a regular occurrence during the winter. Backup generators are needed to maintain the security perimeter once the battery systems fail. Also, the District dispatch center must function effectively throughout any power outage. Currently, it has minimal battery backup only on computer systems. Backup power is needed for security, minimal lighting, and phone systems.  The security systems must be upgraded to provide adequate security for employees and physical protection for all of these facilities.  5% Oci. Additional security measures required include the erection of informational signs for directing visitors and the purchase of passes and neck cords to hand out visitor tags to the public when they visit the facilities.  Revision Statement: (provided when submitting a revised Project Data Sheet)  Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the project that is in the following categories of need.  % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintenance — % Critical Mission Deferred Maintenance % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintenance Maintenance				
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Required: No Total Project Score: 860				
Project Costs and Status				
Deferred Maintenance Work: \$ 567,000 100   Formula   For	Project Funding History: Partnership Funds: Appropriated to Date: Requested in FY Budget: Planned Funding FY <u>05</u> : Future Funding to Complete Project: Total:	\$ \$ \$ \$ <u>567,000</u> \$ \$ <u>567,000</u>		
HOTE/WAY CONSTRUCTION START/AWARD. / I	Project Data Sheet Prepared/Last Updated: 1/7/04	Unchanged Since Department Approval: Yes		

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		Project Score/Ranl	-	11		
PROJECT DATA SHEET		Planned Funding FY		2005		
		Funding Source: (	Constructi	on		
Project Identification						
Project Title: Wedge Overlook Site						
Project Number: Unit/F	acility Nam	e: San Pedro Ripa	rian NCA			
Region/Area/District: Price	Congress	ional District: 3	State: U	tah		
Project Justification						
Project Description: This project will construct E30 campsites and a day use area, and erect cactus.						
Project Need/Benefit: Traffic is increasing substantially on the existing undefined and open roadway. Construction will define the roadway and improve user safety. The road work is ranked CHSci because there is a high chance of serious injury.  Wedge Overlook is a high use area without toilet facilities. The new toilets are ranked CHSci because of the serious health consequences of human waste littering the area.  Construction of defined and hardened campsites, day use area, and fencing are critical to protecting the threatened/endangered cactus in the area and are ranked CRPci.						
Revision Statement: (provided when submitting						
Ranking Categories: Identify the percent of the % Critical Health or Safety Deferred Maintena 35 % Critical Health or Safety Capital Improvem % Critical Resource Protection Deferred Maintena 65 % Critical Resource Protection Capital Improvem Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 200 Applicio Processital Asset Planning Exhibit 200 Application Processital Asset Planning Processital Pr	ance ent ntenance vement	_ % Critical Mission D _ % Compliance & Ot Maintenance _ % Other Capital Imp	Deferred Ma her Deferre provement	aintenance		
Capital Asset Planning Exhibit 300 Analysis Ro	equirea: No	Total Project Score	2. 705			
Project Costs and Status	1		1	1		
Project Cost Estimate (this request): \$'s %  Deferred Maintenance Work: \$  Capital Improvement Work: \$277,000 100  Total: \$277,000 100  Class of Estimate (circle one): A B C D  Estimate Good Until (mm/yy): 5/05	Partnershi Appropriat Requested Planned F	unding History: p Funds: ed to Date: in FY Budget: unding FY 05: nding to Complete	\$	277,000 277,000		
Dates:     Sch'd       (qtr/yy)     Construction Start/Award:     _/_       Project Complete:     _/_	Project Da	ta Sheet _ast Updated: 1/7/04	Unchange Departme Approval:	ed Since ent		

2006       1/875     Arizona     Nixon Springs Redevelopment       2/720     Arizona     San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area Education Amphitheater, Phase II       3/690     Wyoming     Trappers Route Recreation Sites, Phase II       4/690     Utah     Book Cliffs Cabins       5/675     Utah     Comb Wash Recreation Area       6/670     Nevada     Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction       7/660     Idaho     Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail       8/641     Colorado     Shelf Road Recreation Area       9/640     Colorado     Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection       10/630     Colorado     Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion       11/625     California     Samoa Fishing Pier       12/620     Idaho     Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking       13/620     Colorado     Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms       14/615     California     Wash Road Repairs       15/600     Utah     Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I       17/600     Utah     Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail       18/600     Utah     Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I       19/600     Colorado     Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails       20/600     Idaho     Wolf Flat Disper	quested unding 6000s)	- ISIAIE IPROIECI NAME	Priority/ Score
2/720 Arizona San Pedro Riparian National Conservation Area Education Amphitheater, Phase II  3/690 Wyoming Trappers Route Recreation Sites, Phase II  4/690 Utah Book Cliffs Cabins  5/675 Utah Comb Wash Recreation Area  6/670 Nevada Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction  7/660 Idaho Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail  8/641 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area  9/640 Colorado Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II		06	2006
2/72U Arizona Education Amphitheater, Phase II  3/690 Wyoming Trappers Route Recreation Sites, Phase II  4/690 Utah Book Cliffs Cabins  5/675 Utah Comb Wash Recreation Area  6/670 Nevada Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction  7/660 Idaho Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail  8/641 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area  9/640 Colorado Gunison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  19/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	182	75 Arizona Nixon Springs Redevelopment	1/875
4/690 Utah Book Cliffs Cabins 5/675 Utah Comb Wash Recreation Area 6/670 Nevada Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction 7/660 Idaho Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail 8/641 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area  9/640 Colorado Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking 13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails 20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	110		2/720
5/675 Utah Comb Wash Recreation Area 6/670 Nevada Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction 7/660 Idaho Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail 8/641 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area  9/640 Colorado Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking 13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	216	90 Wyoming Trappers Route Recreation Sites, Phase II	3/690
6/670   Nevada   Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction	300	90 Utah Book Cliffs Cabins	4/690
7/660 Idaho Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail  8/641 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area  9/640 Colorado Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	511	75 Utah Comb Wash Recreation Area	5/675
8/641 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area  9/640 Colorado Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	491	70 Nevada Water Canyon Recreation Area Construction	6/670
9/640 Colorado Gunnison Gorge NCA Visitor Information and Site Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line  Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	264	60 Idaho Menan Butte Trailhead and Trail	7/660
Resource Protection  10/630 Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion  11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	139	41 Colorado Shelf Road Recreation Area	8/641
11/625 California Samoa Fishing Pier  12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line  Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	303		9/640
12/620 Idaho Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking  13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line  Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	287	Colorado Pumphouse and Radium Campground Expansion	10/630
13/620 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms  14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line  Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	120	S25 California Samoa Fishing Pier	11/625
14/615 California Wash Road Repairs  15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	125	Stinking Springs Trailhead and Parking	12/620
15/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	121	320 Colorado Arkansas Headwaters Recreation Area Restrooms	13/620
16/600 Utah Phase I  16/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line  Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	986	California Wash Road Repairs	14/615
Interpretation, Phase I  17/600 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail  18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I  19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails  20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	487	SOO HITAN I	15/600
18/600 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I 19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails 20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area 21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment 2006 Total 2007 1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	610		16/600
19/600 Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails 20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area 21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment 2006 Total 2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	110	O00 Utah Pariette Wetlands Interpretive Trail	17/600
20/600 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area  21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	465	O00 Utah Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction Phase I	18/600
21/600 New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	115	Colorado Penrose Common Area and OHV Roads and Trails	19/600
Inflation Adjustment  2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	179	300 Idaho Wolf Flat Dispersed Camping Area	20/600
2006 Total  2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	291	New Mexico Fort Craig Power Line	21/600
2007  1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	64	Inflation Adjustment	
1/600 Utah Vernal District Warehouse Yards Reconstruction, Phase II	6,476	06 Total	2006 To
Phase II		)7	2007
	988		1/600
2/600 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource	1,390	00 California Headwaters Forest Road Trail System Resource	2/600

Priority/ Score	State	Project Name	Requested Funding (\$000s)
		Interpretation, Phase II	
3/600	Utah	Pelican Lake Recreation Site Reconstruction, Phase II	945
4/600	California	Sawtooth Campground	450
5/600	California	Harper Lake ACEC Fencing	100
6/600	Colorado	Grand Junction Trailhead and Overlook Improvements	135
7/600	Utah	Monticello and Price Vault Toilet Installations	100
8/600	Arizona	Empire Ranch Historic Buildings Complex Fire Protection System	488
9/600	Colorado	North Sand Hills SRMA Resource Protection	154
10/600	Arizona	Murray Springs Clovis Site Erosion Control	199
11/600	Arizona	Fairbank Townsite Historic Building Complex Fire Protection System, Phase I	55
12/600	California	Ridgecrest Wild Horse and Burro Loading Chute Shelter	137
13/580	Nevada	Black Rock Playa Access Construction	114
14/565	Colorado	B South Road Trailhead Improvements	204
15/560	Colorado	Colorado Canyons National Conservation Area	481
16/550	California	South Spit Development	300
17/560	Colorado	Glenwood Springs Cattle Guards	151
		Inflation Adjustment	85
2007 To	otal		6,476
2008			
1/600	Arizona	Fairbank Townsite Historic Building Complex Fire Protection System, Phase II	233
2/560	Colorado	Colorado Canyons National Conservation Area Campground	285
3/550	Idaho	Shorts Bar Recreation Site	745
4/540	Montana	Upper Big Hole Paving	602
5/540	Montana	Anita Reservoir Phase I	400
6/540	Arizona	Bonita Creek Low Water Crossing	164
7/540	Arizona	Haekel Road Low Water Crossing	164
8/525	Arizona	Partners Point Access Road and Seawall	386

Priority/ Score	State	Project Name	Requested Funding (\$000s)
9/500	Alaska	Extend Elevator to 3rd Floor - Northern Field Office	576
10/500	New Mexico	Wild Rivers Telephone Line	141
11/490	Montana	Beaver Branch Road Retrofit	2,039
12/485	California	Oxbow Recreation Area (managed by AZSO)	174
13/425	Colorado	Sand Gulch Drinking Water Upgrade	100
14/425	Colorado	Fourmile Roads and Trails	184
15/420	Arizona	Badger Trailhead and Hot Wells Dunes Recreation Area Vault Toilets	100
		Inflation Adjustment	183
2008 To	otal		6,476
2009			
1/540	Montana	Anita Reservoir Phase II	1,839
2/420	California	Paynes Creek Bridge	376
3/420	Colorado	Glenwood Springs Off-Highway Vehicle Barriers	103
4/410	Idaho	LSDR Wild Horse Corrals Electrical Upgrade	380
5/380	Oregon	Hunter Camp and Snively Hot Springs Recreation Sites	116
6/375	Oregon	Yaquina Head Retaining Walls and Quarry Cove Parking Lots/Access Road	132
7/370	California	Bear Creek Access and Trailhead and Equestrian Facility	507
8/360	Wyoming	Bridger Pass Road	650
9/360	Wyoming	Shell Creek Truck Trail	1,095
10/350	Idaho	LSDR Road Construction Phase I	500
11/350	Oregon	Baker Storage Building	100
12/315	New Mexico	Manby Springs Parking Area	219
13/300	Arizona	Stateline Campground	121
		Inflation Adjustment	338
2009 To	otal		6,476
2006-200	9 Bureauwid	e Total	\$18,704

### **Budget Schedules**

**PROGRAM AND FINANCING (MILLION \$)** 

PROGR	AM AND FINANCING (MILLION \$)			
	Identification code: 14-1110-0-2-302	2003 Actual	2004 Estimate	2005 Estimate
Obl	igations by program activity:			
00.01	Direct program activity	14	18	8
10.00	Total new obligations	14	18	8
Bud	lgetary resources available for obligation:			
21.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, start of year	16	14	14
22.00	New budget authority (gross)	12	18	6
22.21 1125]	Unobligated balance transferred to other accounts [14-	0	0	0
23.90	Total budgetary resources available for obligations	28	32	20
23.95	New new obligations	-14	-18	-8
24.40	Unobligated balance carried forward, end of year	14	14	12
Nev	v budget authority (gross), detail: Discretionary:			
40.00	Appropriation	12	14	6
42.00	Transfers from other accounts [14-1125]	0	4	0
43.00	Appropriation (total discretionary)	12	14	6
Ch	ange in obligationed balances:			
	72.40 Obligated balance, start of year	11	11	12
73.10	Total new obligations	14	18	8
73.20	Total outlays (gross)	-15	-17	-13
74.40	Obligated balance, end of year	11	12	7
Oı	utlays (gross), detail:			
86.90	Outlays from new discretionary authority	5	5	2
86.93	Outlay from discretionary balances	10	12	11
87.00	Total outlays (gross)	15	17	13
New b	udget authority and outlays:			
89.00	Budget authority	12	18	6

Identification code:	2003	2004	2005
14-1110-0-2-302	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
90.00 Outlays	15	17	13

**OBJECT CLASSIFICATION (MILLION \$)** 

	Identification code: 14-1110-0-2-302	2003 Actual	2004 Estimate	2005 Estimate
Direc	t obligations:			
11.1	Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent	1	1	1
25.2	Other services	7	7	3
32.0	Land and structures	6	10	4
99.9	Total new obligations	14	18	8

#### PERSONNEL SUMMARY

Identification code: 14-1110-0-2-302	2003 Actual	2004 Estimate	2005 Estimate
Direct Program:			
10.01 Civilian full-time equivalent employment	16	16	16